## IN THE CLAIMS

- 1 (Previously Presented). A method comprising:

  determining an amount of dispersion in an optical system; and
  applying an amount of stress to an optical medium to provide dispersion
  compensation for the determined amount of dispersion.
- 2 (Original). The method of claim 1 including applying stress to an optical medium including a photoclastic medium to generate a corrective dispersion of the opposite polarity of a dispersion induced in the optical medium.
- 3 (Original). The method of claim 2 including using a piezoelectric device to generate stress in an optical medium.
- 4 (Original). The method of claim 3 including controlling the amount of stress and thereby the desired dispersion compensation by controlling the voltage applied to said piezoelectric device.
- 5 (Original). The method of claim 4 including securing the photoelastic medium to said piezoelectric device and passing an optical signal through said photoelastic medium.
- 6 (Previously Presented). A method comprising:
  securing a photoelastic medium to a piezoelectric device; and
  determining an amount of dispersion in an optical system;
  determining an amount of stress to provide compensation for the determined
  amount of dispersion;
- variably applying a tunable voltage to the piezoelectric device to induce said stress in said photoelastic medium to tunably correct the determined dispersion generated in said optical system coupled to said photoelastic medium.

- 7 (Original). The method of claim 6 including controlling the voltage applied to said piezoelectric device to generate a dispersion of a polarity opposite to the polarity of a dispersion generated in said optical system.
- 8 (Original). The method of claim 7 including generating a corrective dispersion of substantially the same magnitude as the dispersion generated in said optical system.
- 9 (Previously Presented). An optical system comprising:

  an optical medium defining an optical path;

  a photoelastic material in said optical path; and

  a device to tunably stress said photoelastic medium to variably generate a

  dispersion of an appropriate polarity and magnitude to correct a determined amount of dispersion induced in said optical medium.
  - 10 (Original). The system of claim 9 wherein said device is a piezoelectric actuator.
- 11 (Original). The system of claim 10 including a voltage source to control the amount of voltage applied to said piezoelectric actuator to enable tuning of the dispersion applied through said photoelastic medium.
  - 12 (Previously Presented). An optical system comprising: an optical medium defining an optical path; a photoelastic material in said optical path; and
- a tunable piezoelectric device coupled to said photoelastic material to determine a variable amount of stress needed to tunably compensate a determined amount of dispersion in said medium.
- 13 (Original). The system of claim 12 wherein said piezoelectric actuator is secured to said photoelastic medium.

- 14 (Original). The system of claim 13 including a voltage source to controllably apply potential to said piezoelectric actuator.
- 15 (Original). The system of claim 14 to provide a tunable magnitude and polarity of dispersion to cancel dispersion generated along said optical path by said optical medium.